



# TMC Session 13 @ 30/01/2002

U. Nestmann

EPFL-LAMP

# Example

Check the following equivalences

$$\bar{x} \mid y \quad \sim \quad \bar{x}.y + y.\bar{x}$$

$$a(x).(\bar{x} \mid y) \sim a(x).(\bar{x}.y + y.\bar{x})$$

# Weak Bisimulation

Basically as in the base calculus, allowing us to have silent steps before and after labeled steps, except for some subtleties . . .

$$\bullet \Rightarrow \bullet \xrightarrow{y} \{\vec{z}/\vec{x}\} P \bullet \Rightarrow \bullet$$
$$\bullet \Rightarrow \bullet \xrightarrow{\bar{y}} (\nu \vec{z}) \langle \vec{x} \rangle. P \bullet \Rightarrow \bullet$$

# Observations

## Definition:

$P \xrightarrow{x\langle\vec{y}\rangle} P'$  if,

for some  $F$ ,  $P \xrightarrow{x} F$  and  $F\langle\vec{y}\rangle \equiv P$

$P \xrightarrow{x\langle\vec{y}\rangle} P'$  iff  $P \Rightarrow \xrightarrow{x\langle\vec{y}\rangle} P'$

$P \xrightarrow{\bar{x}} (\nu z)\langle\vec{y}\rangle.P'$  if,

for some  $P''$ ,  $P \Rightarrow \xrightarrow{x} (\nu z)\langle\vec{y}\rangle.P''$  and  $P'' \Rightarrow P'$ .

# Observation Equivalence

## Definition:

A binary relation  $\mathcal{S}$  is a weak simulation if, whenever  $P \mathcal{S} Q$ ,

if  $P \rightarrow P'$ , then there is  $Q$

s.t.  $Q \Rightarrow Q'$  and  $P' \mathcal{S} Q'$ ,

if  $P \xrightarrow{x\langle\vec{y}\rangle} P'$ , then there is  $Q$

s.t.  $Q \xrightarrow{x\langle\vec{y}\rangle} Q'$  and  $P' \mathcal{S} Q'$ ,

if  $P \xrightarrow{\bar{x}} C$ , then there is  $Q$

s.t.  $Q \xrightarrow{\bar{x}} D$  and  $C \mathcal{S} D$ ,