

From Greek to Clojure

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November 14, 2013

Peano Numbers: Syntax

- ▶ a number n is either
 - ▶ zero z
 - ▶ or the successor of a number $(s\ n)$
- ▶ $n := z \mid (s\ n)$

Peano Numbers: Plus Relation

$$z + n = n \quad (\text{PLUS-Z})$$

$$\frac{n_1 + n_2 = n_3}{(s\ n_1) + n_2 = (s\ n_3)} \quad (\text{PLUS-S})$$

Syntax

- ▶ variable x, y, z
- ▶ term $e :=$
 - ▶ variable x
 - ▶ abstraction $\lambda x.e$
 - ▶ application $(e_1 e_2)$

Typing

$$\frac{(x : T) \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : T} \quad (\text{VAR})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, (x : T_1) \vdash e : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. e : T_1 \rightarrow T_2} \quad (\text{ABS})$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \Gamma \vdash e_1 : T_1 \rightarrow T \\ \Gamma \vdash e_2 : T_1 \end{array}}{\Gamma \vdash (e_1 \ e_2) : T} \quad (\text{APP})$$

Reduction

- ▶ value $v := \lambda x.e$

$$((\lambda x.e) v) \implies [v/x]e \quad (\text{APP-BETA})$$

$$\frac{e_1 \implies e'_1}{(e_1 \ e_2) \implies (e'_1 \ e_2)} \quad (\text{APP-1})$$

$$\frac{e_2 \implies e'_2}{(v_1 \ e_2) \implies (v_1 \ e'_2)} \quad (\text{APP-2})$$

CPS: Syntax of Target

- ▶ atom expression $a :=$
 - ▶ variable x
 - ▶ abstraction $\lambda[x*].a$
- ▶ complex expresion $c :=$
 - ▶ application $(a\ a*)$

CPS: Rules

$$x \Rightarrow^M x \quad (\text{M-VAR})$$

$$\frac{e | y_k \Rightarrow^T c}{\lambda x. e \Rightarrow^M \lambda[x \ y_k]. c} \quad (\text{M-ABS})$$

$$\frac{x \Rightarrow^M c_x}{x | a_k \Rightarrow^T (a_k \ c_x)} \quad (\text{T-VAR})$$

$$\frac{\lambda x. e \Rightarrow^M c}{\lambda x. e | a_k \Rightarrow^T (a_k \ c)} \quad (\text{T-ABS})$$

$$\frac{e_1 | \lambda x_1. c_2 \Rightarrow^T c_1 \\ e_2 | \lambda x_2. (x_1 \ x_2 \ a_k) \Rightarrow^T c_2}{(e_1 \ e_2) | a_k \Rightarrow^T c_1} \quad (\text{T-APP})$$

Evaluation

- ▶ value $v := <\lambda x.e \text{ in } \rho>$

$$\frac{(x : v) \in \rho}{\rho \vdash x \Downarrow v} \quad (\text{VAR})$$

$$\rho \vdash \lambda x.e \Downarrow <\lambda x.e \text{ in } \rho> \quad (\text{ABS})$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \rho \vdash e_1 \Downarrow <\lambda x.e \text{ in } \rho_1> \\ \rho \vdash e_2 \Downarrow v_2 \\ \hline \rho_1, (x : v_2) \vdash e \Downarrow v \end{array}}{\rho \vdash (e_1 \ e_2) \Downarrow v} \quad (\text{APP})$$